



# Household roles and efficient appliances purchasing in urban Indonesia and The Philippines

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Data-Oriented Approaches to the Social Sciences and Humanities

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- Background
  - Household appliances in sust consump lit (gender/household roles)
  - Gaps
- 2 Household roles efficient appliances analysis
  - Framework
     Results
     Discussion
- **3** Conclusion and future directions

BACKGROUND INTRODUCTION

 Residential electricity share growing in many countries (lifestyle change, income growth, electric appliances use)

- SE Asia is one with the highest growth rates of new household appliances purchase (high income growth)
- Strategies to reduce residential power consumption
  - ☐ Promotion of energy-efficient appliances
  - ☐ Changes on consumer behavior
- Sustainable consumer programs
  - ☐ Target consumer replacement of older appliances

ACADEMIC LITERATURE (1) INTRODUCTION

Gender an important determinant of sust consumer behavior (1)

☐ Women express stronger environmental concern

"Hong Kong females score significantly higher in environmental attitude, environmental concern, perceived seriousness of environmental problems, environmental responsibility" (Lee, 2009)

"German women are more likely than men to express concern about consumption's broader impacts and act upon those concerns" (Luchs and Mooradian, 2012)

☐ Women participate more in recycling and green consuming

"Chinese women when compared to men participate more in private environmental behaviors" (Xiao and Hong, 2018)

"Green purchase intentions are greater among highly educated Malaysians, females in particular" (Chekima et al., 2015)

ACADEMIC LITERATURE (2) INTRODUCTION

Gender important determinant of sust consumer behavior (2)

☐ Women adopt more energy-efficient appliances

"In Indonesia, women more concerned of electrical energy consumption at the household than men" (Senjawati et al., 2018)

"In Vietnam, higher income and more children exhibit more significance to energy efficient appliance adoption than gender and age" (Nguyen et al., 2019)

ACADEMIC LITERATURE (3) INTRODUCTION

Family relations could also affect household energy consumption

How household	'gender-factors'	(roles) influence	energy consump	otion
(Permana et al.,	2015)			

"The person consistently making household decisions on overall and energy expenditures is independent of the primary source of income"

"Household energy expenditures are lowest when women make decisions about the expenditures (Women are undeniably the best energy saver)"

- \* Recurrently 'gender' (women) link with more sust consump
- Still, fewer focus placed on the influence of 'household roles' in the growing sust consump lit

 This study fills the gap of household roles in the gender – sust consump nexus, particularly from a Global South perspective

## Objective

Analyse household roles in connection with efficient appliance purchasing preference taking Indonesia and the Philippines as case studies

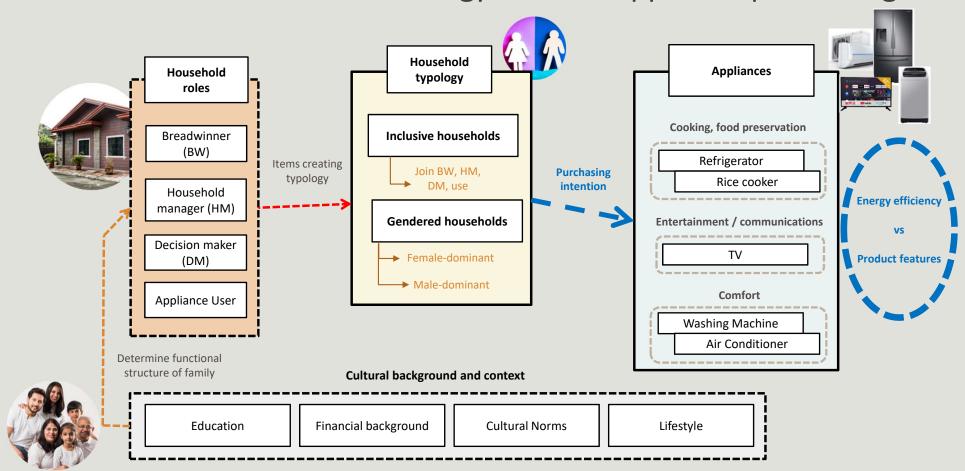
#### Significance

- Expand knowledge on efficient appliance purchasing dynamics
- > Identify residential practices promoting sustainable energy use
- Create interlinkages between SDGs (gender equity, clean energy) for more sustainable transitions

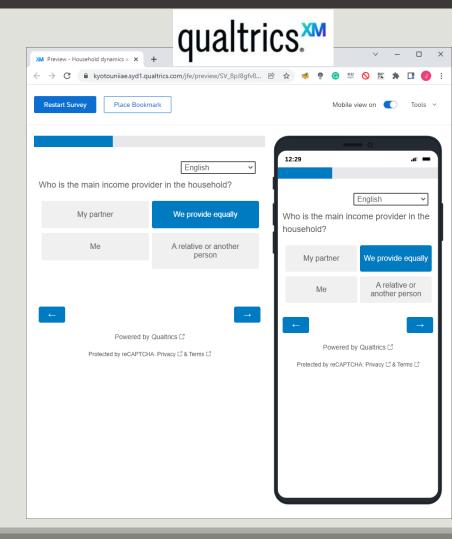
METHODOLOGY

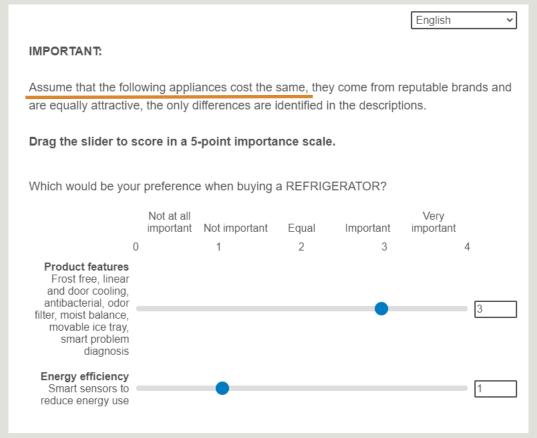
FRAMEWORK METHODOLOGY

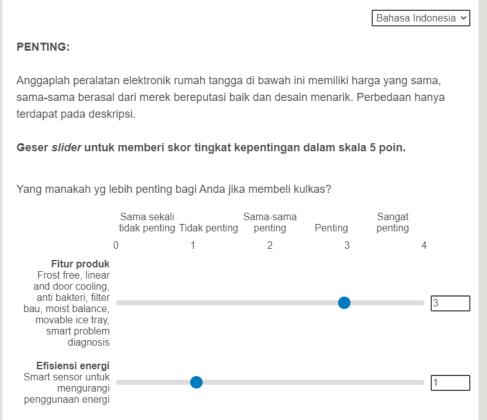
## Household roles and energy-efficient appliance purchasing



Category	Code	Domains	Items	Measurement
Background	-	Gender, age, education, occupation	14	Nominal
	BW	Bread Winner	1	Female/Male – Inclusive
Household	НМ	Household Management (plans, payments, cooking, clean, childcare)	5	Female/Male – Inclusive
Roles	DM	Decision Maker	5	Female/Male – Inclusive
	User	Appliance User	5	Female/Male – Inclusive
Appliances	-	Appliance Purchasing	5	Ordinal (5p-likert scale)







#### **Bread Winner**

### Gender: \* Who is the main income provider in the household? Crosstabulation

Count

		Who is the			
	Me Partner Equal				Total
Gender:	Male	222	42	108	372
	Female	115	228	149	492
Total		337	270	257	864

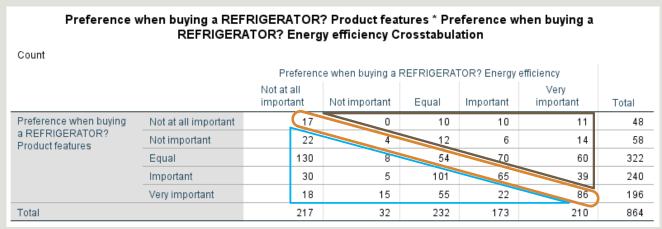


Bread Winning (one/both)				
	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
One member	607	70.3	70.3	70.3
Both equally	257	29.7	29.7	100.0
Total	864	100.0	100.0	

	(3P) Bread Winner (provider)				
	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent	
Male	450	52.1	52.1	52.1	
Female	157	18.2	18.2	70.3	
Both	257	29.7	29.7	100.0	
Total	864	100.0	100.0		

#### Similar for HW, DM and User

#### Refrigerator





Similar for Rice cooker, TV, WM, AC

Refrigerator (efficiency - features - equal)					
		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	Features	406	47.0	47.0	47.0
	Equal	226	26.2	26.2	73.1
	Efficiency	232	26.9	26.9	100.0
	Total	864	100.0	100.0	

PILOT SURVEY AND DATA COLLECTION METHODOLOGY

## Pretesting and pilot surveys Jan-Mar, 2021

 Using Social Media and Twitter among university students

## Full-scale survey Apr-Jun, 2021

- Convenience sample
- Co-habiting adults
- 14 Metropolitan cities







Kami tertarik untuk memahami dinamika dan interaksi gender dalam rumah tangga serta efeknya terhadap preferensi pada saat membeli peralatan elektronik di kota metropolitan di Filipina, India, dan Indonesia. Survel ini diperuntukkan bagi rekan-rekan ya sudah berkeluarga dan sedang tinggal di Indonesia.

bit.ly/genderandenergy

Akses survei ini pada link di atas. Partisipasimu kami tunggu!

Analysis procedures METHODOLOGY

## Multinomial Logistic Regression (MLRs)

- 1. Run stepwise models for each appliance
  - Refrigerator, Rice cooker, WM, AC, TV
- 2. Identify significant factors (BW, HM, DM, User)
- Interpret the factor's odds ratios

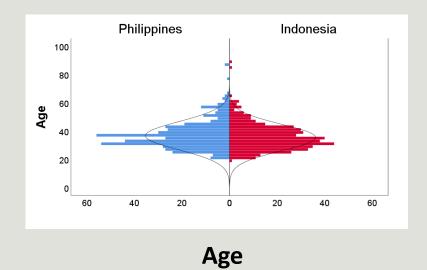
## Multiple Correspondence Analysis (MCA)

- 1. Visualise associations between gender categories
  - Household roles (BW, HM, DM, User) with...
  - Appliance preference (efficiency-features)



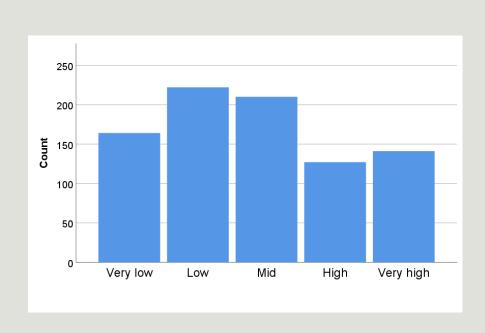
## Sample details (1)

Country	Sample Size	Date of collection
Indonesia	424	Apr-Jun 2021
The Philippines	440	Apr-Jun 2021

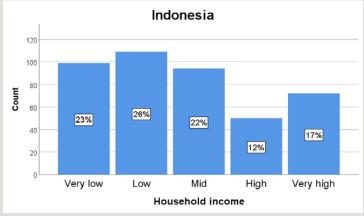


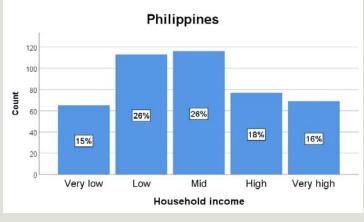


## Sample details (2)



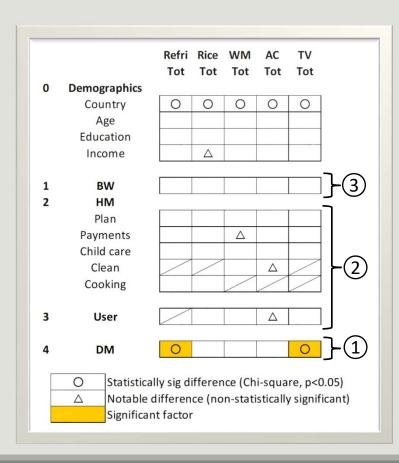
**Income** 





MLR SUMMARY RESULTS & DISCUSSION

## Household roles - energy-efficient appliances (MLRs)



Comparison:
One member vs Both (inclusive household)

- 1. Significant effect for 'Decision Maker'
  - DM Inclusive households report more efficient-appliance purchasing intention
- 2. <u>Partial effects</u> for 'Household Manager' and 'User'
- 3. No effect for 'BreadWinner'

MLR RESULTS (ODDS RATIOS)

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

## 'Decision Making' effects (significant parameters)



Compared to a features-based appliance selection:

55% less likely that individual DM results in efficient Refrigerator selection

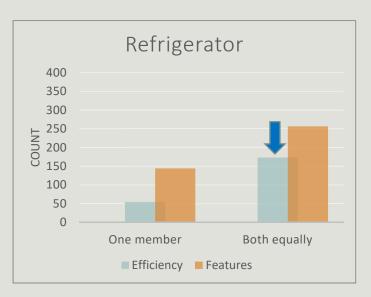
44% less likely that individual DM results in efficient TV selection

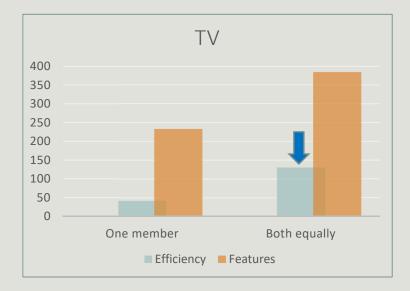
#### **Philippines**

Mid-income households (8-14万円 per month) 3 times more likely to select efficient refrigerators -than based on features-

CROSSTAB GRAPHS RESULTS & DISCUSSION

#### Differences (significant) by decision maker







MLR RESULTS (ODDS RATIOS)

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

## Effects from 'user' and 'household manager'

Compared to a features-based appliance selection:



44% less likely that individual users select efficient rice cooker (Philippines)



Mid-education households 1.8 times more likely to select efficient ACs

Greater Age (1 year rate) 3% less likely to select efficient rice cookers

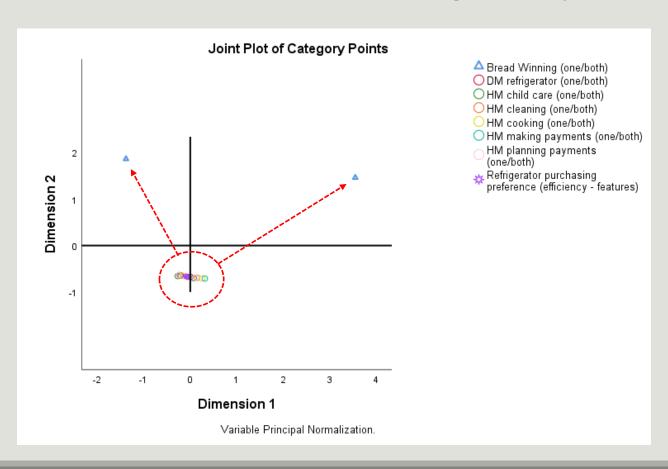
#### **Philippines**

High-income 72% less likely to select efficient WM

Higher/lower incomes 71% less likely to select efficient rice cookers



## Household roles - Refrigerator purchasing (MCA)

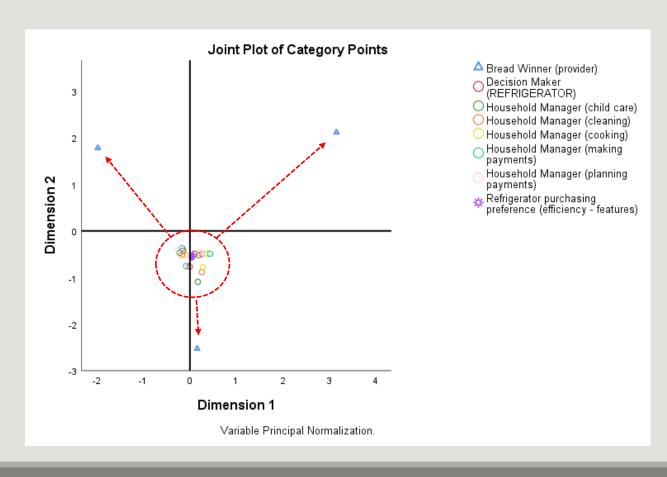


MCA analysis includes BW, DM, HM (2 categories:

One member vs Both)

No effect for 'breadwinner'

## Household roles - Refrigerator purchasing (MCA)

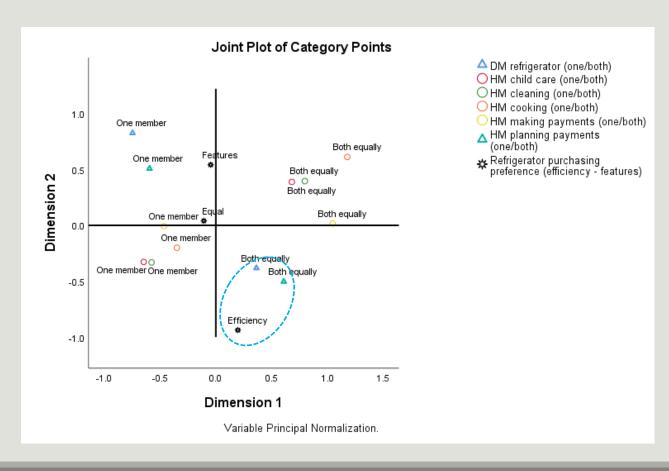


MCA analysis includes BW, DM, HM

(3 categories: Male, Female, Both)

No effect for 'breadwinner'

## Household roles - Refrigerator purchasing (MCA)



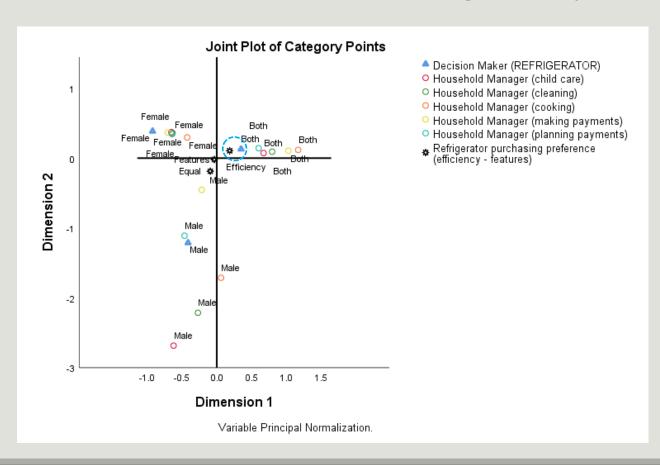
MCA analysis includes DM, HM

(2 categories:
One member vs Both)

Stronger link with <u>Joint DM</u> and HMplanning

(closer to 'Efficiency')

## Household roles - Refrigerator purchasing (MCA)



MCA analysis includes DM, HM

(3 categories: Male, Female, Both)

Stronger effects for <u>Joint DM</u> and HMplanning (closer to 'Efficiency')

## Discussion (1)

#### Results expand common understanding:

- Traditionally, women tend to adopt energy-efficient appliances
- > But equitable participation in household functions are also relevant
  - ♦ (1º) Decision Maker (2º) User & Household Manager

#### Inclusive roles and type of appliance:

- Significant effects for cooking and entertainment-related app
  - Refrigerator and TV
  - Rice cookers: an exceptional case?
- Less significant for comfort-related app
  - Washing machine and air conditioner

## Discussion (2)

- ☐ Energy use and carbon reductions connect positively with equity inside the households
- ➤ How can policies prioritize this in related programs (efficient appliances substitution, energy conservation, etc.)?



☐ Inclusive roles associate with more efficient-appliance purchasing intention

'decision making' - 'use' - 'house management'

#### Limitations and future directions

- Further analysis for more conclusive knowledge on linkages
- Insights from qualitative modes of inquiry
  - Interviews with householders who recently engaged in purchasing appliances
  - Ethnographic fieldwork that considers material and social aspects of appliance purchasing in situ

#### **Contributions**

- ☐ Complement common understanding
  - > Not only gender is determinant of sustainable behavior
  - More equitable participation in household functions are also relevant

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